5.1 The Transcontinental Railroad

1. What were the benefits of the Transcontinental Railroad? **Allowed the west coast to have access to the markets on the east coast**

2. What were the negative consequences of the Transcontinental Railroad on Native Americans? **It forced them to move from their homes**

3. What happened at Wounded Knee? **American soldiers attacked the Sioux as they performed the Ghost Dance. They then followed them and massacred women and children.**

4. What did the Dawes Act state? **It abolished all tribal organizations and made reservations for the tribes.**

5. What was the problem with the Dawes Act? **They didn’t want to adopt white culture. Given bad land.**

5.2 The Rise of Big Business

6. How did the Transcontinental Railroad lead to the development of big business? **To build the railroad other industries were needed such as oil and steel**

7. What was the first big business that helped to spawn other industry? **Railroad**

8. How did robber barons earn their nickname? **By cheating other businesses out of their companies to control everything**

9. What man is associated with the railroad industry? **Vanderbilt**

10. What man is associated with the oil industry? **Rockefeller**

11. How did John D. Rockefeller keep control of the oil industry? **Through monopolies and vertical integration**

12. What were interlocking directorates and how did they work? **Directorates that allowed directors of one company to serve as directors for other companies also. They controlled entire industries.**

13. How did the idea of Social Darwinism support big business? **Only the strongest and most intelligent businessmen survived.**
5.3 Farmers and Populism

14. What was wrong with farming in the 1870’s and 1880’s? Overproduction caused farm prices to drop

15. What did the farmers want from the government to help them? Subsidies to cover their losses, regulated railroads to bring down shipping costs, more money to be circulate

16. What did the farmers form to try to help them financially? The Grange

17. What was the major issue of the Election of 1896? The gold standard

18. Who made the famous Cross of Gold speech? William Jennings Bryan

5.4 Urbanization

19. Why did people leave farms and move to cities after the Civil War and into the beginning of the nineteenth century? To find jobs in industry

20. What region of the country saw increased urbanization? The north and cities

21. What is immigration? When someone moves to another country

22. Where did most people come from that came to America during the early 1900’s? Europe

23. Why did people immigrate to America? Better jobs, reunite with family, more opportunities, famine in their own land, political persecution

24. What reception site did immigrants to the east coast have to come through? Ellis Island

25. What does melting pot refer to? People of different backgrounds all mix together to form a new American culture

26. What were the positive points of immigration? Increased diversity, labor force

27. What were the negative aspects of immigration? Overcrowding in the cities, took jobs away from the natives, misunderstood

28. Who were nativists? Those people that opposed immigration
29. What did the Chinese Exclusion Act state? No more Chinese immigrants allowed in
30. Describe working conditions of workers in the factories during this period.
31. Describe urban slums.

5.5 The Rise of Labor Unions

32. What arose out of the challenging conditions workers faced in the factories? The need for labor unions
33. What was the Knights of Labor? The first labor unions
34. What measures did labor unions use to make their point with management? Strikes and boycotts
35. What happened with the Pullman Strike? When union reps were laid off the workers went on strike, Pullman closed the plant, all rail travel with Pullman cars stopped, president sent in troops to force them back to work
36. What happened at the Homestead Strike? Steel workers in Pennsylvania asked for increased pay, when refused went on strike, brought in outside detectives for protection, fighting broke out, union had to call off strike

5.6 Social Reform

37. What marked the Progressive Time Period? Political, social, and economic changes in the US
38. Who were the muckrakers and what did they do? Journalists that exposed the problems with society and businesses
39. What did Upton Sinclair write about? The meat packing industry
40. What did Jane Addams open up for the poor in her neighborhood? Settlement house known as Hull House
41. What was the Temperance Movement? **Movement to end drinking of alcohol**

42. What did they get passed? **18th Amendment**

43. What was women’s suffrage? **Right to vote for women**

44. Who was well known with the Women’s Suffrage Movement? **Carrie Chapman Catt, Elizabeth Cady Stanton, Susan B. Anthony**

45. How did Theodore Roosevelt help the Progressive Movement?  
   **Enforced regulations on big business, sued a monopoly and forced them to disband**

46. How did Woodrow Wilson help the Progressive Movement?